- The term "earnings" means compensation for personal services owing, whether due or not, to the judgment debtor at the time of service of the Summons and Interrogatories, whether denominated as wages, salary, commissions, bonus, or otherwise, and includes periodic payments pursuant to a pension or retirement program. The term "nonexempt earnings" mean the portion of the judgment debtor's earnings that are subject to this garnishment, as determined in accordance with the Interrogatories and these instructions.
- 2. If from your answer to the Interrogatories it appears to the court that the judgment debtor is your employee and that you now owe the judgment debtor wages or will owe wages within the next 60 days, the judgment creditor may make an application with the court to have the nonexempt earnings transferred to the court for payment to the judgment creditor. You must hold the nonexempt earnings of the judgment debtor until you receive further order from the court.
- 3. The amount you are required by law to deduct from the judgment debtor's earnings includes FIT, SIT, and FICA.
- 4. Calculate the judgment debtor's disposable earnings subject to a garnishment in accordance with the following schedule.

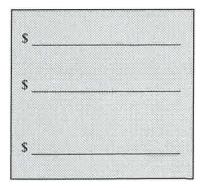
5. If the judgment debtor's wages are already being withheld under a different court order, you must compute the amount that is subject to garnishment under this order.

Enter the amount shown on line 8 of the Interrogatories; this is the portion of the judgment debtor's earnings that are subject to this garnishment.

Add the amounts shown on lines 9A, 9B, 9C, and 9D of the Interrogatories to determine the total amount withheld from the judgment debtor's disposable earnings under all other orders.

Subtract the total amount withheld under all other orders from the amount subject to this garnishment. If the amount withheld under all other orders equals or exceeds the amount subject to the garnishment, enter Zero.

Enter this amount on line 10 of the Interrogatories.



<u>CAUTION</u>: If you entered an amount on line 9D, because you have been withholding a portion of the judgment debtor's earnings under a different Garnishment Order or Order of Continuing Lien that is not for the support of a person, you should recalculate the proper amount, if any, that you should continue to withhold under that order.