





University
of
NebraskaLincoln
Center on
Children,
Families,
and the

Case Progression and Court Improvement Data Report for 2010



District 5 Team York:

Butler, Polk, Saunders, Seward and York Counties

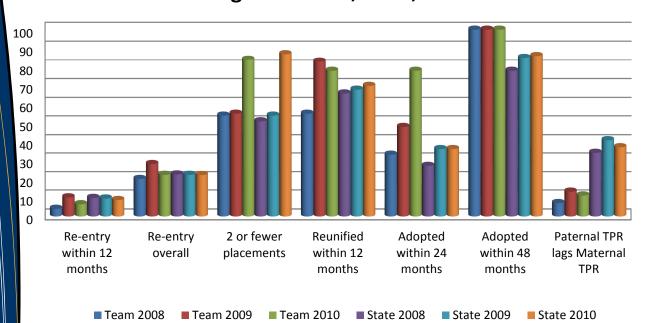


Information provided in this document is designed to help your team improve case progression, as this is one area the courts can control. Timeliness of hearings has a significant impact on time to case closure, which means that courts can make a difference in the lives of children in the system. Data on pages 1 and 2 come from Fostering Court Improvement (fosteringcourtimprovement.org/ne) and data on pages 3-8 were collected through JUSTICE to track case progression timelines for all abuse/neglect cases that closed in 2008, 2009, and 2010.

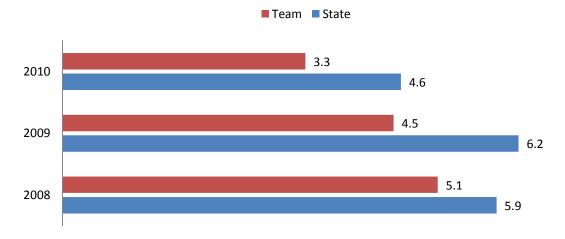
	2008	Team 2009	2010	2008	State 2009	2010	Nationa 2009
Poverty rate*	10.5%	10.9%	n/a	13.7%	15.3%	n/a	20%
Median length of stay	11 months	9 months	15 months	13 months	12 months	14 months	14 months
Median months to reunification	7 months	5 months	11 months	7 months	7 months	11 months	n/a
Median months to adoption	27 months	26 months	20 months	34 months	29 months	29 months	n/a

^{*} Poverty data comes from the U.S. Census Bureau. For the Fostering Court Improvement measures, 2010 refers to data from April 2010 through March 2011.

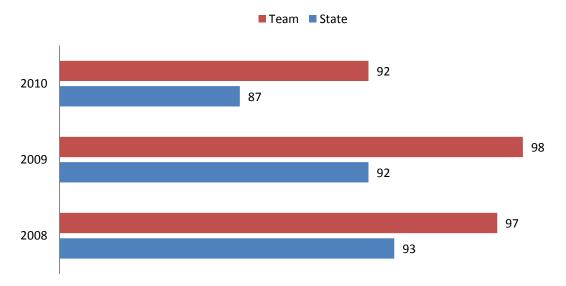
Percentages for 2008, 2009, and 2010



Rates of Removal per 10k Children



Percent of Children over 12 in Group Home

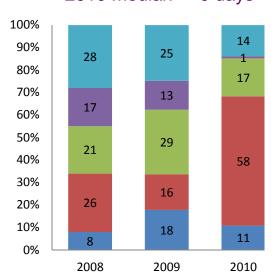


In District 5 Team York, there were 55 abuse and neglect cases that closed between January 1 and December 31, 2008 In 2009, 51 such cases closed. In 2010, 45 abuse and neglect cases closed. The analyses below are based on that data.

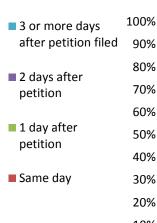
Medians represent the center-point for cases in your team. Half of your cases had time that was shorter than the median, and half of cases had time longer than the median. **N/a** means "not applicable" because the sample size was too small for analyses to be conducted.

Timeline progression: All ages

Nebraska 2008 Median = 1 day 2009 Median = 1 day 2010 Median = 0 days

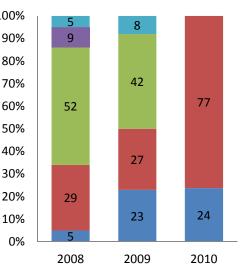


Petition to ex-parte



District 5 York

2008 Median = 1 day 2009 Median = 1 day 2010 Median = 0 days



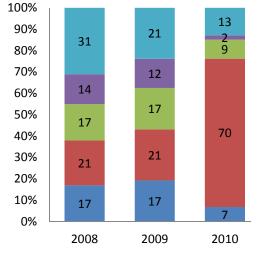
Petition Filing to Protective Custody

Ex-parte before

petition filed

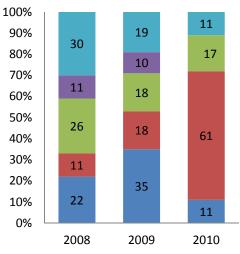
Nebraska 2008 Median = 1 day 2009 Median = 1 day

2010 Median = 0 days





District 5 York 2008 Median = 1 day 2009 Median = 0 days 2010 Median = 0 days



* Note:
All data
presented
uses initial
petition date
to court closure
date and may
not match HHS
reports

Best practice recommendations **Petition to Protective Custody – petition** prior to or same day 61% of 2010 District 5 York cases had filed the petition the same day as protective custody order Petition to adjudication -60 days 56% of 2010 District 5 York cases held the adjudication within 60 days of petition filing Adjudication to disposition -30 days 37% of 2010 District 5 York cases held the disposition within 30 days of adjudication Page 4

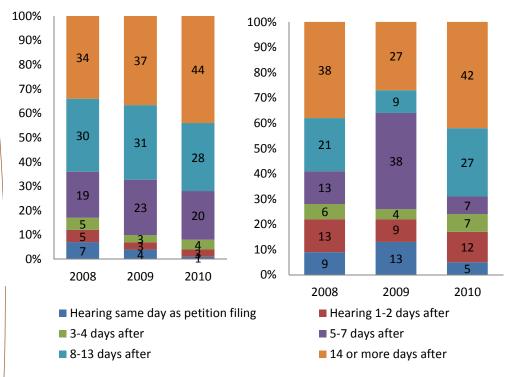
Petition to First Appearance

Nebraska

2008 Median = 9 days 2009 Median = 10 days 2010 Median = 12 days

District 5 York

2008 Median = 8 days 2009 Median = 7 days 2010 Median = 11 days



Petition to Adjudication

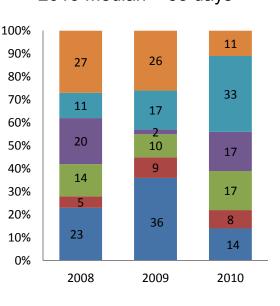
Nebraska

2008 Median = 57 days 2009 Median = 72 days 2010 Median = 73 days

District 5 York

2008 Median = 56 days 2009 Median = 32 days 2010 Median = 53 days





- Adjudication within 15 days Within 30 days
- Within 60 days
- Within 90 days

■ Within 45 days

■ 91 o more days

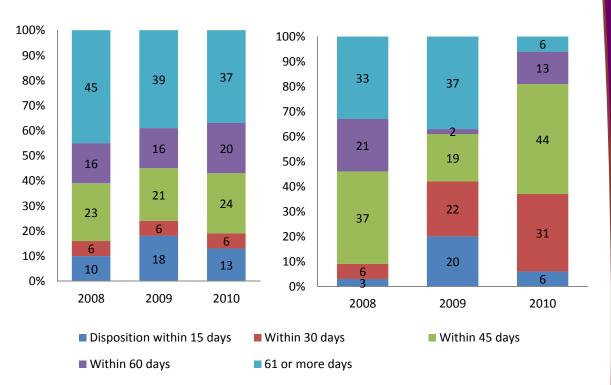
Adjudication to Disposition

Nebraska

2008 Median = 56 days 2009 Median = 49 days 2010 Median = 50 days

District 5 York

2008 Median = 48 days 2009 Median = 35 days 2010 Median = 35 days



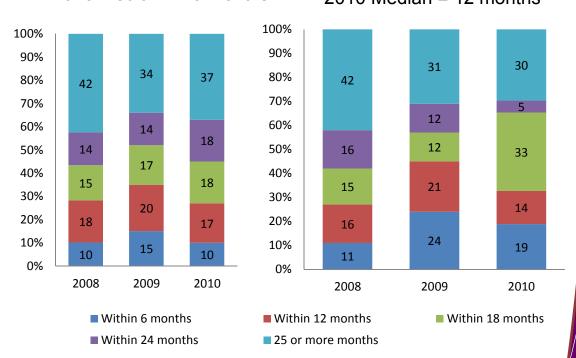
Petition to Case Closure

Nebraska

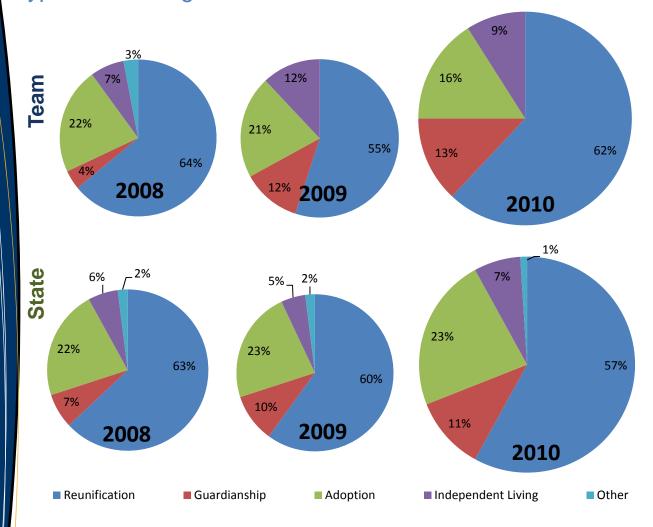
2008 Median = 23 months 2009 Median = 18 months 2010 Median = 19 months

District 5 York

2008 Median = 20 months 2009 Median = 16 months 2010 Median = 12 months



Type of Discharge



Case Progression for Zero to Three

Median Times		Team			State	
	2008	2009	2010	2008	2009	2010
Early Stages						
Petition to Ex-parte	1	1	0	1	1	0
	days	day	days	day	day	days
Petition to	0	1	0	1	0	0
Protective custody	days	day	days	day	days	days
Petition to First	8	5	11	9	10	13
Appearance	days	days	days	days	days	days
Petition to	58	44	59	62	70	70
Adjudication	days	days	days	days	days	days
Permanency Stages	Permanency Stages					
Adjudication to	55	65	35	58	49	50
Disposition	days	days	days	days	days	days
Petition to Case	20	16	17	21	19	20
Closure	months	months	months	months	months	months
TPR Stages						
Petition to TPR	19	14	n/a	23	19	21
	months	months		months	months	months
TPR to Adoption	7 months	3 months	n/a	9 months	7 months	8 months

Infants and toddlers make up approximately one-third of children in foster care in Nebraska. This early stage of the child's life is crucial to his/her development. Therefore, the court system must do everything it can to ensure timely and safe permanency for them. Additionally, the courts need to assure that the health, mental health, and educational (school readiness) needs of these young children are met.

Your team might work on one or all of the following:

- Reducing time to permanency for infants and toddlers
- Ensuring that parenting time recommendations are followed
- Increasing the use of high quality and stable child care
- Ensuring CAPTA Part C evaluations are occurring and young children are getting services they need
- Ensuring that infants and toddlers with mental health needs get evidence based interventions

Trends

There are some inconsistencies in your team's data that may be due to the two different data sources and the slightly different time frames. It appears that the length of stay in foster care and the time to reunification has increased over the past years. In contrast, it also appears that the time to case closure has steadily decreased over the past several years.

A couple areas of concern do stand out. It appears that the time to case closure is significantly longer for infants and toddlers than for the rest of the population. Your team may want to see whether this is due to delays in permanency, which would be of concern, or due to keeping the youngest children under the court's jurisdiction for longer, which may be guite positive. A second concern is that there continues to be a high rate of aging out (discharge to independent living) in your population. The team may want to explore whether more intensive permanency planning for older youth (e.g. utilizing family group conferencing) might result in more youth achieving permanency with ties to families that can provide support and assistance into adulthood.



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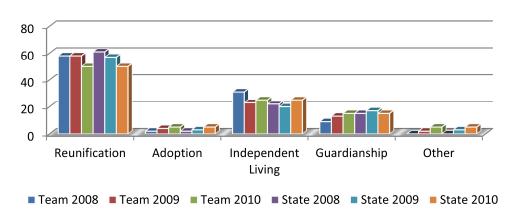






Adolescents Case Progression and Outcomes

Permanency Type for Youth 12 and Older (%)



Median Times	2008	Team 2009	2010	2008	State 2009	2010
Petition to Adjudication	53 days	30 days	53 days	53 days	79 days	72 days
Adjudication to Disposition	42 days	28 days	39 days	49 days	49 days	52 days
Average Number of Review Hearings	3	3	3	3	3	3
Petition to Case Closure	14 months	18 months	11 months	17 months	17 months	18 months
Petition to TPR	18 months	3 months	n/a	n/a	16 months	15 months
TPR to Case Closure	62 months	16 months	n/a	26 months	12 months	16 months