BEST PRACTICES

for Effective Police/Youth Interactions



For Relationship Building & Incident Interventions

1 De-escalation

- Distract youth with out-of-left field question
- Direct youth to concentrate on breathing/counting
- Give time
- Separate youth from each other
 - Use an explanation for the separation to reduce anxiety of friends
 - Riff on comments

2 Listen

- Look for signs of diminished capacity: PTSD, mental illness, etc.
- · Allow venting; when repetitive use distraction
- Seek GIGA: Good Intentions Gone Awry
- Re-State youth's view out loud
- Explain/translate ramifications

Explain

- Clarify rules
- Anticipate challenges to the rule
- Explain the reason for the rules
- Explain options (situation/alternatives/choice)

4 Responses at the Incident

- Look for Face-Saving Outcome
- Collaborative Problem Solving
- Set plan of Action going forward Graduated sanctions
- Check-ins
- Involve Parents

5 Expect Up

- Focus on the positive
- · Remind youth of what could be
- Make it clear what to do and how

GENERAL RULES:

Watch Your Pronouns

- Don't start sentences with "You"
- It's sad (takes blame off person/ situation for what's sad)
- We need (not "you have to...")
- We have to figure this out (not "you better get your act together")

Don't ask "why"?

- Ask how
- Ask at what time did you....

Don't take it personally:

- "Just doing a job."
- "It's the law."

REMEMBER: You may not be a social worker but to keep safe you need to be a psychologist!

Explain why...connect the dots for them...work through the implications.

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BEHAVIOR – LANGUAGE – TIMING



	What's the Kid's BLT?	What's Your BLT?
BEHAVIOR	з ? Г	1. 2. 3.
LANGUAGE	2.	2.
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TIMING	2 1	1.
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